CLAIMS

- Use of α -cyclodextrin or a derivative thereof for the preparation of a 1. pharmaceutical composition for the oral administration of a LH-RH peptide analogue or one of its pharmaceutically acceptable salt.
- 2. Use according to claim 1 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 1):

in which:

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- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an optionally substituted and/or acylated aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A2 is a direct bond; His; or an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
 - A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino\acid;
- A6 is Gly; (S)-spirolactam/Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu'); D-Asp(OBu'); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C1-C₆)alkyl, a (C₂-C₇)acyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl side chain ; an optionally substituted aromatic Damino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic 14- or D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic\L- or D-amino acid;
- 30 - Z is GlyNH₂; D-AlaNH₂; azaGlyNH₂; or a group -NHR₂ where R₂ is a (C₁-C₄)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.

3. Use according to claim 2 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°\: 2):

A1-His-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (I)

in which:

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- A1 is pGlu, Sar or AcSar;
- A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl side chain; an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic D-amino acid;
 - A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic L-amino acid;
 - Z is GlyNH₂; azaGlyNH₂; or a group -NHR₂ where R₂ is a (C₁-C₄)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
 - 4. Use according to claim 3 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 3) :

in which A7 is Leu, Tle, Nle, Hol, Npg, Cha or Ada, which may be N-alphasubstituted by a methyl or ethyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms.

5. Use according to claim 3 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 4) :

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- A3 and A5 are each independently Phe, Tyr, Trp, 2MeTrp, HPhe, HTyr, Nai, 1Nai, Bai, Pai, 4Pai, or pClPhe;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro; Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-His or D-His(Bzi); D-Ala, D-Leu, D-Tle, D-Nle, D-Hol, D-Npg or D-Cha; D-Phe, D-HPhe, D-Tyr, D-HTyr, D-Trp, D-2MeTrp, D-Nal, D-1Nal, D-Bal, D-Pal, D-4Pal, or D-pClPhe; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or D-APhe optionally substituted by an aminotriazolyl group;
 - A7 is Leu, Npg or Cha, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl group;
 - Z is GlyNH₂; azaGlyNH₂ or -NC₂H₅.
- 6. Use according to claim 3 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 5):

in which:

- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Leu, D-Ala, D-Nal, D-Phe, D-Ser(OBut) or D-Trp;

- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg of MeNpg;
- Z is GlyNH₂; azaGlyNH₂ or NC₂H₅.
- 7. Use according to one of claims 3 to 6 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of leuprorelin, [Npg⁷]-leuprorelin, triptorelin, [Npg⁷]-triptorelin, goserelin, [Npg⁷]-goserelin, buserelin and [Npg⁷]-buserelin.
- 8. Use according to claim 2 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 6):

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an optionally substituted and/or acylated aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A2 is a direct bond or an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic \(\omega_{\text{-}}\) or D-amino acid;
 - A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;

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- A6 is Gly (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(O-Bu^t); D-Thr(O-Bu^t); D-Cys(O-Bu^t); D-Ser(O-R₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_8) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;

- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
 - -- Z is GlyNH2 or D-AlaNH2.
- 9. Use according to claim 8 wherein the peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 7):

Ac-D-Nal-D¹pClPhe-D-Pal-Ser-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-D-AlaNH₂ (II')

- A5 is Tyr, HTyr, MeTyr, MeHTyr, NicLys or IprLys;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Arg, D-NicLys, D-IprLys, D-Cit, D-HCit or D-Asn;
 - A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or\MeNpg;
 - A8 is Arg, NicLys or IprLys!
- 10. Use according to claim 8 or 9 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of antide, [Npg⁷]-antide, cetrorelix, [Npg⁷]-cetrorelix, abarelix and [Npg⁷]-abarelix.
- 11. Use according to one of claims 1 to 10 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is selected from the group consisting of methylated α -cyclodextrin, hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin, carboxymethylated α -cyclodextrin and phosphated α -cyclodextrin.
- 12. Use according to one of claims 1 to 11 of α -cyclodextrin or hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin.
 - 13. Use according to one of claims 1 to 12 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended to be delivered to the gastrointestinal tract.

- 14. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment of infertility, hypogonadic or hypergonadic states.
- 15. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is a contraceptive agent.
- 16. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment or prevention of prostate cancer or benign prostatic hypertrophy.
- 17. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment or prevention of breast cancer.
- 18. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment or prevention of sex hormone-related benign or malignant tumors.
- 19. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment or prevention of sex hormone-independent but LH-RH sensitive benign or malignant tumors.
- 20. Use according to one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is intended for the treatment or prevention of benign or malignant lymphoproliferative disorders.
- 21. A pharmaceutical composition for the gastrointestinal delivery by oral administration of a LH-RH peptide analogue which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of said peptide analogue in combination with α -cyclodextrin or a derivative thereof.
- 22. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 21 which further comprises excipients suitable for the gastrointestinal delivery of the peptide analogue.
- The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 21 or 22 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 1):

in which:

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an optionally substituted and/or acylated aromatic D-amino acid;

- A2 is a direct bond; His; or an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid;

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- A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic L- or D-amino acid;

- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;

- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid or an optionally substituted basic\L- or D-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly;\(S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cvs; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBut); D-Asp(OBut); D-Glu(OBu¹); D-Thr(OBu¹); D-Cys(OBu¹); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C1-C₆)alkyl, a (C₂-C₇)acyl\or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C₁-C₈)alkyl or a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl side chain; an optionally substituted aromatic Damino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several\fluorine atoms:
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
- Z is GlyNH₂; D-AlaNH₂; azaGlyNH₂; or a group -NHR₂ where R₂ is a (C₁-C₄)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
- The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23 wherein said 24. peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 2):

A1-His-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z **(l)**

in which:

- A1 is pGlu, Sar or AcSar;

- A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-30 Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl side chain; an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly;

D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic D-amino acid;

- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic L-amino acid;
- Z is GlyNH₂; azaGlyNH₂; or a group -NHR₂ where R₂ is a (C_1 - C_4)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C_3 - C_6)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
- 25. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 3):

in which A7 is Leu, Tle, Nle, Hol, Npg, Cha or Ada, which may be N-alphasubstituted by a methyl or ethyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms.

26. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 4) :

20 in which:

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- A3 and A5 are each independently Phe, Tyr, Trp, 2MeTrp, HPhe, HTyr, Nal, 1Nal, Bal, Pal, 4Pal, or pClPhe;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro; Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-His or D-His(Bzl); D-Ala, D-Leu, D-Tle, D-Nle, D-Hol, D-Npg or D-Cha; D-Phe, D-HPhe, D-Tyr, D-HTyr, D-Trp, D-2MeTrp, D-Nal, D-1Nal, D-Bal, D-Pal, D-4Pal, or D-pClPhe; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala or D-APhe optionally substituted by an aminotriazolyl group;
 - A7 is Leu, Npg or Cha, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl group;
- Z is GlyNH₂, azaGlyNH₂ or -NC₂H₅.
 - 27. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 5):

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- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Leu, D-Ala, D-Nal, D-Phe, D-Ser(OBut) or D-Trp;
 - A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
 - Z is GlyNH₂, azaGlyNH₂ or -NC₂H₅.

The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 24 to 27 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of leuprorelin, [Npg⁷]-leuprorelin, triptorelin, [Npg⁷]-triptorelin, goserelin, [Npg⁷]-goserelin, buserelin and [Npg⁷]-buserelin.

29. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 6):

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an optionally substituted and/or acylated aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A2 is a direct bond or an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid;
 - A3 is an optionally substituted aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
 - A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an optionally substituted aromatic L-amino acid or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
 - A6 is Gly; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(O-Bu^t); D-Thr(O-Bu^t); D-Cys(O-Bu^t); D-Ser(O-R₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_8) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an optionally substituted aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
 - A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
 - A8 is an optionally substituted basic L- or D-amino acid;
 - Z is GlyNH₂ or D-AlaNH₂.
 - 30. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 29 wherein the peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 7):

Ac-D-Nal-D-pClPhe-D-Pal-Ser-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-D-AlaNH2 (II')

in which:

- A5 is Tyr, HTyr, MeTyr, MeHTyr, NicLys or IprLys;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Arg, D-NicLys, D-IprLys, D-Cit, D-HCit or D-

5 **Asn**;

- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
- A8 is Arg, NicLys or IprLys.
- The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 29 or 30 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of antide, [Npg⁷]-antide, cetrorelix, [Npg⁷]-cetrorelix, abarelix and [Npg⁷]-abarelix.
 - 32. The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 21 to 31 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is selected from the group consisting of methylated α -cyclodextrin, hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin, carboxymethylated α -cyclodextrin and phosphated α -cyclodextrin.
 - 33. The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 21 to 32 comprising α -cyclodextrin or hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin in combination with the LH-RH peptide analogue.
 - 34. The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 21 to 33 which further comprises a protease inhibitor and/or an absorption enhancer.

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- 32. The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 21 to 31 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is selected from the group consisting of methylated α -cyclodextrin, hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin, carbexymethylated α -cyclodextrin and phosphated α -cyclodextrin.
- 33. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 32 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin.
- 34. The pharmaceutical composition according to one of claims 21 to 33 which further comprises a protease inhibitor and/or an absorption enhancer.
- 35) A method of enhancing the biological activity of a LH-RH peptide analogue which comprises or ally administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of said analogue in combination with α -cyclodextrin or a derivative thereof.
- 36. The method according to claim 35, wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 1) :

A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (A)

in which:

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an aromatic D-amino acid which may be acylated;
- A2 is a direct bond; His; or an aromatic D-amino acid;
- A3 is an aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C_1-C_6) alkyl, a (C_2-C_7) acyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_6) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C_1-C_4) alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- Z is $GlyNH_2$; D-AlaN H_2 ; aza $GlyNH_2$; or a group -NHR $_2$ where R_2 is a (C_1 - C_4)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C_3 - C_6)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.

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37. The method according to claim 36 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 2) :

A1-His-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (I)

in which:

- A1 is pGlu, Sar or AcSar;
- A3 is an aromatic L-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C_1-C_6) alkyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_8) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl+Ala; or a basic D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L-amino acid;
- Z is $GlyNH_2$; aza $GlyNH_2$; or a group -NHR₂ where R_2 is a (C_1-C_4) alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C_4-C_6) cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
- 38. The method according to claim 37 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 3) :

pGlu-His-A3-Ser-A5-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z (II)

in which A7 is Leu, Tle, Nle, Hol, Npg, Cha or Ada, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl or ethyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms.

39. The method according to claim 37 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 4) :

pGlu-His-A3-Ser-A5-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z (III)

- A3 and A5 are each independently Phe, Tyr, Trp, 2MeTrp, HPhe, HTyr, Nal, 1Nal, Bal, Pal, 4Pal, or pClPhe;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro; Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-His or D-His(Bzl); D-Ala, D-Leu, D-Tle, D-Nle, D-Hol, D-Npg or

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D-Cha; D-Phe, D-HPhe, D-Tyr, D-HTyr, D-Trp, D-2MeTrp, D-Nal, D-1Nal, D-Bal, D-Pal, D-4Pal, or D-pClPhe; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or D-APhe optionally substituted by an aminotriazolyl group;

- A7 is Leu, Npg or Cha, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl group;
- Z is GlyNH₂; azaGlyNH₂ or -NC₂H₅.
- 40. The method according to claim 37 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 5):

pGlu-His-Trp-Ser-Tyr-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z

(IV)

in which:

- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Leu, D-Ala, D-Nal, D-Phe, D-Ser(OBut) or D-Trp;
- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
- Z is GlyNH2; azaGlyNH2 or -NC2H5.

The method according to one of claims 37 to 40 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of leuprorelin, [Npg⁷]-leuprorelin, triptorelin, [Npg⁷]-triptorelin, goserelin, [Npg⁷]-goserelin, buserelin and [Npg⁷]-buserelin.

42. The method according to claim 36 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 6):

A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (I')

in which:

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an aromatic D-amino acid which may be acylated;
- A2 is a direct bond or an aromatic D-amino acid;
- A3 is an aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(O-Bu^t); D-Thr(O-Bu^t); D-Cys(O-Bu^t); D-Ser(O-R₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_8) alkyl or a (C_3-C_8) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C_1-C_4) alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L- or D-amino acid;

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- Z is GlyNH2 or D-AlaNH2.
- 43. The method according to claim 42 wherein the peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 7):

Ac-D-Nal-D-pClPhe-D-Pal-Ser-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-D-AlaNH₂ (II')

in which:

- A5 is Tyr, HTyr, MeTyr, MeHTyr, NicLys or IprLys;
- A6 is (S)spirolactam-Pro, D-Arg, D-NicLys, D-IprLys, D-Cit, D-HCit or D-Asn;
- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
- A8 is Arg, NicLys or IprLys.

The method according to claim 42 or 43 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of antide, [Npg⁷]-antide, cetrorelix, [Npg⁷]-cetrorelix, abarelix and [Npg⁷]-abarelix.

- 45. The method according to one of claims 35 to 44 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is selected from the group consisting of methylated α -cyclodextrin, hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin, carboxymethylated α -cyclodextrin and phosphated α -cyclodextrin.
- 46. The method according to claim 45 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin.
- A method of treating a disease wherein a LH-RH agonist or antagonist action is required which comprises orally administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a LH-RH peptide analogue in combination with α -cyclodextrin or a derivative thereof, wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQID N°: 1):

A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (A)

in which:

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr
- ; D-Thr ; Ac-D-Thr ; or an aromatic D-amino acid which may be acylated;
- A2 is a direct bond; His; or an aromatic D-amino acid;
- A3 is an aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;
- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C_1-C_6) alkyl, a (C_2-C_7) acyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_6) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-

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amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or a basic L- or D-amino acid;

- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C_1-C_4) alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- Z is GlyNH₂; D-AlaNH₂; azaGlyNH₂; or a group -NHR₂ where R₂ is a (C₁-C₄)alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
- 48. The method according to claim 47 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 2) :

A1-His-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (1)

in which:

- A1 is pGlu, Sar or AcSar;
- A3 is an aromatic L-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzi) or Thr;
- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; (S)-spirolactam-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Et)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^t); D-Asp(OBu^t); D-Glu(OBu^t); D-Thr(OBu^t); D-Cys(OBu^t); D-Ser(OR₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aza-amino acid; D-His which may be substituted on the imidazole ring by a (C_1-C_6) alkyl or a benzyl group; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_6) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or a basic D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L-amino acid;
- Z is $GlyNH_2$; aza $GlyNH_2$; or a group -NHR₂ where R_2 is a (C_1-C_4) alkyl which may be substituted by an hydroxy or one or several fluorine atoms; a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl; or a heterocyclic radical selected from morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidyl.
- 49. The method according to claim 48 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 3) :

pGlu-His-A3-Ser-A5-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z

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in which A7 is Leu, Tle, Nle, Hol, Npg, Cha or Ada, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl or ethyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms.

50. The method according to claim 48 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 4) :

pGlu-His-A3-Ser-A5-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z (III)

in which:

- A3 and A5 are each independently Phe, Tyr, Trp, 2MeTrp, HPhe, HTyr, Nal, 1Nal, Bal, Pal, 4Pal, or pCIPhe;
- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro; Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser(OBu¹); D-Asp(OBu¹); D-Glu(OBu¹); D-Thr(OBu¹); D-Cys(OBu¹); D-His or D-His(Bzl); D-Ala, D-Leu, D-Tle, D-Nle, D-Hol, D-Npg or D-Cha; D-Phe, D-HPhe, D-Tyr, D-HTyr, D-Trp, D-2MeTrp, D-Nal, D-1Nal, D-Bal, D-Pal, D-4Pal, or D-pClPhe; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphtyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or D-APhe optionally substituted by an aminotriazolyl group;
- A7 is Leu, Npg or Cha, which may be N-alpha-substituted by a methyl group;
- Z is GlyNH2; azaGlyNH2 or -NC2H5.
- 51. The method according to claim 48 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 5) :

pGlu-His-Trp-Ser-Tyr-A6-A7-Arg-Pro-Z (IV)

in which:

- A6 is (S)-spirolactam-Pro, D-Leu, D-Ala, D-Nal, D-Phe, D-Ser(OBut) or: D-Trp;
- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
- Z is GlyNH2; azaGlyNH2 or -NC2H5.
- 52. The method according to one of claims 48 to 51 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of leuprorelin, [Npg⁷]-leuprorelin, triptorelin, [Npg⁷]-triptorelin, goserelin, [Npg⁷]-goserelin, buserelin and [Npg⁷]-buserelin.
 - 53. The method according to claim 47 wherein said peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N°: 6):

A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-Z (I')

in which:

- A1 is pGlu; D-pGlu; Sar; AcSar; Pro or a derivative thereof; Ser; D-Ser; Ac-D-Ser; Thr; D-Thr; Ac-D-Thr; or an aromatic D-amino acid which may be acylated;
- A2 is a direct bond or an aromatic D-amino acid;
- A3 is an aromatic L- or D-amino acid;
- A4 is Ala, Ser, D-Ser, MeSer, Ser(OBut), Ser(OBzl) or Thr;

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- A5 is an aromatic L-amino acid or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A6 is Gly; D-Pro; D-Ser; D-Thr; D-Cys; D-Met; D-Asn; D-Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-(S-Me)Pen; D-Ser(OBu^b); D-Asp(OBu^b); D-Glu(O-Bu^b); D-Thr(O-Bu^b); D-Cys(O-Bu^b); D-Ser(O-R₁) where R₁ is a sugar moiety; an aliphatic D-amino acid with a (C_1-C_8) alkyl or a (C_3-C_6) cycloalkyl side chain; an aromatic D-amino acid; D-cyclohexadienyl-Gly; D-perhydronaphthyl-Ala; D-perhydrodiphenyl-Ala; or a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- A7 is a linear, branched or cyclic aliphatic L-amino acid of 3 to 20 carbon atoms which may be N-alpha-substituted by a (C₁-C₄)alkyl group optionally substituted by one or several fluorine atoms;
- A8 is a basic L- or D-amino acid;
- Z is GlyNH2 or D-AlaNH2.
- 54. The method according to claim 53 wherein the peptide analogue has the formula (SEQ ID N° : 7):

Ac-D-Nal-D-pClPhe-D-Pal-Ser-A5-A6-A7-A8-Pro-D-AlaNH₂ (II')

in which:

- A5 is Tyr, HTyr, MeTyr, MeHTyr, NicLys or IprLys;
- A6 is (S)spirolactam-Pro, D-Arg, D-NicLys, D-IprLys, D-Cit, D-HCit or D-Asn;
- A7 is Leu, MeLeu, Npg or MeNpg;
- A8 is Arg, NicLys or IprLys.
- 55. The method according to claim 53 or 54 wherein the peptide analogue is selected from the group consisting of antide, [Npg⁷]-antide, cetrorelix, [Npg⁷]-cetrorelix, abarelix and [Npg⁷]-abarelix.
- 56. The method according to one of claims 47 to 55 wherein the α -dyclodextrin derivative is selected from the group consisting of methylated α -cyclodextrin, hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin, carboxymethylated α -cyclodextrin and phosphated α -cyclodextrin.
- 57. The method according to claim 56 wherein the α -cyclodextrin derivative is hexakis(2,3,6-tri-O-methyl)- α -cyclodextrin.
- 58. The method according to one of claims 47 to 57 for the treatment or prevention of breast cancer.
 - 59. The method according to claim 58 which further comprises the sequential, parallel or over a period of time administration of at least one compound selected from the group consisting of an antiestrogen, an aromatase inhibitor and a C_{17-20} lyase inhibitor.
 - 60. The method according to one of claims 47 to 57 for the treatment or prevention of prostate cancer or bergin prostatic hypertrophy.

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- 61. The method according to claim 60 which further comprises the sequential, parallel or over a period of time administration of at least one compound selected from the group consisting of an antiandrogen, a 5α -reductase inhibitor and a C_{17-20} lyase inhibitor.
- 62. The method according to one of claims 47 to 61 wherein the peptide analogue is delivered to the gastrointestinal tract of the patient.

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